GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

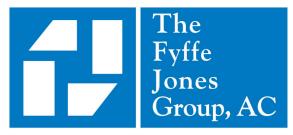
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Greenup County School District Greenup, Kentucky

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenup County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenup County School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Greenup County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Greenup County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Greenup County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis pension and OPEB information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–8 and 53–63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Greenup County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund information, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2024, on our consideration of the Greenup County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Example School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Example School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

The Fy ffe Jones Crosp, AL

Ashland, Kentucky November 22, 2024

As management of the Greenup County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning unassigned fund balance for General Fund was \$5.3 million ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2024.
- The ending unassigned fund balance for General Fund decreased \$1.0 million to a balance of \$4.3 million ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2024.
- A decrease in unassigned fund balance is partially attributable to other funds needing more resources from the general fund than the prior year to cover their expenses.
- Beginning district-wide net position including capital assets and related long term debt was \$2.9 million ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 2023.
- The ending district-wide net position increased \$3.7 million to \$6.6 million ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 2024.
- The increase in district-wide net position is attributable to the issuance of new bonded debt for capital improvements and the impact of post-retirement benefit related obligations.
- The fundable average daily attendance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2024 was 2.4 thousand.
- The fundable average daily attendance remained at 2.4 thousand for the 2024 Fiscal Year.
- During the 2024 Fiscal Year Greenup County Board of Education expended \$6.2 million on capital assets and made principal payments for the retirement of debt in the amount of \$1.6 million.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities

of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 54 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6.5 million as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Current Assets	\$ 10,788,453	\$ 8,413,935
Noncurrent Assets	 28,384,396	 23,398,379
Total Assets	\$ 39,172,849	\$ 31,812,314
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,224,929	\$ 8,964,012
Current Liabilities	\$ 2,188,736	\$ 2,260,883
Long-Term Liabilities	 26,712,104	 29,276,537
Total Liabilities	\$ 28,900,840	\$ 31,537,420
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 10,900,268	\$ 6,611,927
Invested in Capital Assets (Net of Debt)	\$ 14,857,439	14,879,776
Restricted	(107,461)	(575,165)
Unrestricted	 (8,153,308)	 (11,677,632)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,596,670	\$ 2,626,979

The following table presents a summary of the District's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ending:

	2024	2023			
Revenues:	 _				
Taxes	\$ 8,765,354	\$	8,484,058		
State Aid Formula Grants	27,221,813		23,445,580		
Operating Grants and Contributions	11,336,786		9,416,101		
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,181,271		1,488,997		
Charges for Services	67,939		399,970		
Investment Earnings	534,756		311,530		
Other	 4,187		594,221		
Total Revenues	\$ 49,112,106	\$	44,140,457		

-		
Instruction	\$ 25,457,419	\$ 21,798,032
Student Support Services	3,027,583	3,500,830
Staff Support	2,102,623	2,907,632
District Administration	1,543,533	1,551,863
School Administration	2,619,598	2,642,715
Business Support	726,320	927,405
Plant Operations	3,953,465	5,785,122
Student Transportation	2,857,898	3,052,945
Community Services	350,819	-
Day Care	-	102,660
Food Service	2,262,438	2,200,199
Interest on Long Term Debt	390,932	 339,321
Total Expenses	\$ 45,292,628	\$ 44,808,724
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenses	\$ 3,819,478	\$ (668,267)

Revenue

The majority of revenue was derived from state-aid formula grants, 56%, with local taxes making up 18% of total revenue.

School Allocation

Instruction accounts for 50% for of the school level expenditures.

Comments on Budget Comparisons:

- The District's total fund revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of Interfund transfers was \$38.7 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$4.8 million more than budget. This is primarily due to the On-Behalf payments from the State of Kentucky budget amounts being based off prior year, and current year on behalf payments exceeding expectations.
- General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$3.4 million less than budget. This is primarily due to increase spending in response to the increase in On-Behalf payments from the State of Kentucky mentioned above.
- The general fund balance was \$2.1 million more favorable than budget as a result from the above variances.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$27.7 million. The investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, technology equipment, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$6.2 million, or 11%, which is due mostly to the additional construction in the year and annual depreciation expense for depreciable assets. Beyond the depreciation decrease, major capital asset events during the current fiscal year consisted primarily of the purchase of school buses and the building of an alumni center facility.

	2024			2023	
	Gov	rernmental Activities	Gove	nmental Activities	 Variance
Land	\$	136,284	\$	136,284	\$ -
Construction in Progress		5,815,739		-	5,815,739
Buildings and Improvements		19,896,716		21,031,038	(1,134,322)
Infrastructure		117,323		128,287	(10,964)
Technology and Equipment		10,448		16,883	(6,435)
Machinery and Equipment		643,262		660,609	(17,347)
Vehicles		1,111,184		913,525	 197,659
Total	\$	27,730,956	\$	22,886,626	\$ 4,844,330

Long-term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$12.8 million. The District finances some vehicle acquisitions through loans secured through the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA), primarily acquisition of school buses. At June 30, 2024, the District had a liability recorded for outstanding KISTA loans in the amount of \$504 thousand. Employees of the District are eligible to receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave upon retirement from the school system. At June 30, 2024, the liability for such costs was \$883 thousand.

		2024		2023	
	Govern	mental Activities	Govern	mental Activities	Variance
Revenue Bonds	\$	12,820,000	\$	7,725,000	\$ 5,095,000
KISTA Loans		504,797		657,319	(152,522)
Accumulated Sick Leave		883,963		1,452,157	(568,194)
Total	\$	14,208,760	\$	9,834,476	\$ 4,374,284

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$2.8 million in contingency in the current 2024 school year.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent at (606) 473-9819, or to the Finance Director, (606) 473-9810, or by mail at 45 Musketeer Drive, Greenup, Kentucky 41144.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,851,455	\$	1,066,658	\$	8,918,113
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Property Taxes		144,444		_		144,444
Intergovernmental - Federal		1,664,855		22,564		1,687,419
Inventories		-		38,477		38,477
Net OPEB Asset		177,221		24,939		202,160
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		5,952,023		-		5,952,023
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		21,778,933		451,280		22,230,213
Total Assets	\$	37,568,931	\$	1,603,918	\$	39,172,849
D. C. 10. (2						
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	ф	2 274 225	ф	224 201	ф	2 700 006
Deferred Outflows from Pensions	\$	2,374,885	\$	334,201	\$	2,709,086
Deferred Outflows from OPEB		4,396,779		119,064		4,515,843
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	6,771,664	\$	453,265	\$	7,224,929
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	457,605	\$	_	\$	457,605
Interest Payable	Ψ	130,510	Ψ	_	Ψ	130,510
Noncurrent Liabilities:		130,310				130,310
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:						
Debt Obligations		1,335,432				1,335,432
Accrued Sick Leave		265,189		_		265,189
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:		203,107		_		203,107
Debt Obligations		11,989,365				11,989,365
Accrued Sick Leave		618,774		_		618,774
Net Pension Liability		8,236,851		1,159,114		9,395,965
				1,139,114		
Net OPEB Liability Total Liabilities	\$	4,708,000	\$	1,159,114	\$	4,708,000 28,900,840
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	27,741,726	<u> </u>	1,139,114	<u> </u>	28,900,840
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Grant Revenues Received in Advance	\$	750,853	\$	-	\$	750,853
Deferred Inflows on Pensions		2,321,397		326,674		2,648,071
Deferred Inflows on OPEB		7,023,768		477,576		7,501,344
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,096,018	\$	804,250	\$	10,900,268
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	14,406,159	\$	451,280	\$	14,857,439
Restricted	*	250,000	•	(357,461)	*	(107,461)
Unrestricted		(8,153,308)				(8,153,308)
Total Net Position	\$	6,502,851	\$	93,819	\$	6,596,670
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GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Function/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental Activities: Instructional 25,457,419 \$ 7,774,067 \$ (17,683,352)\$ (17,683,352)Support Services: Students 3,027,583 496,430 (2,531,153)(2,531,153)Instructional Staff 2,102,623 50,313 (2,052,310)(2,052,310)District Administration 1,543,533 (1.543.533)(1.543.533)School Administration 2,619,598 (2,619,598)(2,619,598)726,320 Business and Other Support Services (726, 320)(726,320)Operation and Maintenance of Plant 3,953,465 122,099 (3,831,366)(3,831,366)Student Transportation 2,857,898 399,708 (2,458,190)(2,458,190)Community Services 350,819 350,819 Facility Acquisition and Construction 1,181,271 1,181,271 1,181,271 Debt Service 390,932 (390,932)(390,932)9,193,436 43,030,190 1,181,271 (32,655,483)(32,655,483)**Total Government Activities** Business-Type Activities: Food Service 2,262,438 67,939 2,143,350 (51,149)(51,149)\$ \$ 2,262,438 67,939 2,143,350 (51,149)(51,149)Total Business-Type Activities (32,706,632)Total School District 45,292,628 \$ 67,939 11,336,786 \$ 1,181,271 (32,655,483)(51,149)\$ General Revenues Taxes 8,765,354 8,765,354 27,221,813 Intergovernmental Revenues 27,221,813 Investment Earnings 437,577 97,179 534,756 Miscellaneous 4,187 4,187 Interfund Transfer 118,357 (118,357)Total General Revenues 36,543,101 \$ (16,991)36,526,110 3,887,618 Change In Net Position (68,140)3,819,478 161,959 Net Position, June 30, 2023, as restated 2,615,233 2,777,192 Net Position, June 30, 2024 6,502,851 \$ 93,819 \$ 6,596,670

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Assets:	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Construction Fund		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
16506.									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,032,794	\$	(895,990)	\$	3,423,038	\$	291,613	\$	7,851,455
Receivables:									
Property Taxes	144,444		-		-		-		144,444
Intergovernmental - Federal	 		1,664,855						1,664,855
Total Assets	\$ 5,177,238	\$	768,865	\$	3,423,038	\$	291,613	\$	9,660,754
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 5,177,238	\$	768,865	\$	3,423,038	\$	291,613	\$	9,660,754
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$ 300,845	\$	19,464	\$	137,296	\$	_	\$	457,605
Accrued Sick Leave	265,189		-		-		-		265,189
Total Liabilities	\$ 566,034	\$	19,464	\$	137,296	\$	-	\$	722,794
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Grant Revenue Received in Advance	\$ -	\$	750,853	\$	-	\$	-	\$	750,853
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 	\$	750,853	\$		\$	-	\$	750,853
Fund Balances:									
Restricted - Accrued Sick Leave	\$ 250,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	250,000
Restricted - Other	-		(1,452)		3,285,742		59,481		3,343,771
Committed	-		-		-		232,132		232,132
Unassigned	 4,361,204				-		<u>-</u>		4,361,204
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,611,204	\$	(1,452)	\$	3,285,742	\$	291,613	\$	8,187,107
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances	\$ 5,177,238	\$	768,865	\$	3,423,038	\$	291,613	\$	9,660,754

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Special				Other		Total	
	General		Revenue	C	Construction	G	overnmental	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund			Fund		Funds	Funds		
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 7,647,948	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,117,406	\$	8,765,354	
Interest Income	437,577		-		-		-		437,577	
Intergovernmental - State	19,497,303		1,088,781		-		1,181,271		21,767,355	
Intergovernmental - Federal	95,230		6,635,729		-		-		6,730,959	
Other Local Revenues	399,232		49,557		70,000		788,324		1,307,113	
Total Revenues	\$ 28,077,290	\$	7,774,067	\$	70,000	\$	3,087,001	\$	39,008,358	
Expenditures:										
Instruction	\$ 14,491,062	\$	3,967,230	\$	-	\$	766,948	\$	19,225,240	
Students	2,424,053		496,430		-		-		2,920,483	
Instructional Staff	2,026,344		50,313		-		25,966		2,102,623	
District Administration	1,488,931		-		-		-		1,488,931	
School Administration	2,526,930		-		-		-		2,526,930	
Business and Other Support Services	699,236		-		-		1,391		700,627	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,485,493		122,099		5,815,739		290		9,423,621	
Student Transportation	2,353,046		399,708				4,047		2,756,801	
Community Services	-		350,819		-		-		350,819	
Debt Service	390,932				-		1,554,661		1,945,593	
Total Expenditures	\$ 29,886,027	\$	5,386,599	\$	5,815,739	\$	2,353,303	\$	43,441,668	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (1,808,737)	\$	2,387,468	\$	(5,745,739)	\$	733,698	\$	(4,433,310)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets	\$ 3,325	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,325	
Bond Issuance Proceeds	-		-		6,341,675		-		6,341,675	
Operating Transfers In	862,373		46,977		2,434,445		1,229,503		4,573,298	
Operating Transfers Out	(46,977)		(2,434,445)				(1,973,519)		(4,454,941)	
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	\$ 818,721	\$	(2,387,468)	\$	8,776,120	\$	(744,016)	\$	6,463,357	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (990,016)	\$	_	\$	3,030,381	\$	(10,318)	\$	2,030,047	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 5,601,220	\$	(1,452)	\$	255,361	\$	301,931	\$	6,157,060	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2024	\$ 4,611,204	\$	(1,452)	\$	3,285,742	\$	291,613	\$	8,187,107	

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	2,030,047
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	6,276,101 (1,431,771)	4,844,330
Governmental funds report pension activity as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and investment experience:		
Pension Revenue, Net	(404,647)	
OPEB Revenue, Net	(39,544)	
Pension Expense, Net	737,006	
OPEB Expense, Net	778,292	1,071,107
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statements, but are reductions of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		2 155 714
of habilities in the Statement of Net Position.		2,155,716
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following:		
Long-term portion of accrued sick leave		397,556
Decrease in accrued interest		(81,138)
		(01,100)
Bond and capital lease proceeds are recognized as revenues in the fund		
financial statements, but are increases in liabilities in the Statement of		
Net Position		(6,530,000)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,887,618

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$1,066,658 \$ \$ \$1,066,658 Receivables:			Food Service Fund	Day Fu:		Total Proprietary Funds		
Cash and Cash Equivalents S	Assets:							
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental - Federal 22,564 38,477 38,477 Total Current Assets 38,477 38		\$	1,066,658	\$	-	\$	1,066,658	
Noncurrent Assets								
Total Current Assets \$ 1,127,699 \$ \$ 1,127,699 Noncurrent Assets: 2 451,280 \$ \$ \$ 451,280 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation \$ 451,280 \$ \$ \$ 451,280 \$ \$ 24,339 \$ 24,339 Total Noncurrent Assets \$ 1,603,918 \$ \$ 1,603,918 \$ \$ 1,603,918 Total Assets \$ 1,603,918 \$ \$ 1,603,918 \$ \$ 1,603,918 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 119,064 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,064 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 119,004 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,018 \$ 10,003,0	_				-			
Noncurrent Assets						_		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Net OPEB Asset 24,939 - 24,939 Total Noncurrent Assets 476,219 - 476,219 Total Assets \$ 1,603,918 \$ - \$ 1,603,918 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows from Pensions \$ 334,201 \$ - \$ 334,201 Deferred Outflows from OPEB 119,064 - 119,064 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 453,265 - 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 \$ - \$ 2,057,183 Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Total Current Liabilities: Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ -	Total Current Assets	\$	1,127,699	\$		\$	1,127,699	
Net OPEB Asset 24,939 - 24,939 Total Noncurrent Assets 476,219 - 476,219 Total Assets \$1,603,918 - \$1,603,918 Deferred Outflows of Resources: ************************************	Noncurrent Assets:							
Total Noncurrent Assets 476,219 - 476,219 Total Assets \$ 1,603,918 \$ - \$ 1,603,918 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 334,201 \$ - \$ 334,201 Deferred Outflows from Pensions \$ 334,201 \$ - \$ 119,064 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 453,265 \$ - 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 \$ - \$ 2,057,183 Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - Total Current Liabilities: \$ - \$ - \$ - Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows from OPEB <td>Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</td> <td>\$</td> <td>451,280</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>451,280</td>	Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	451,280	\$	-	\$	451,280	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows from Pensions \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Net OPEB Asset		24,939		_		24,939	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows from Pensions \$ 334,201 \$ \$ \$ \$ 334,201 Deferred Outflows from OPEB 119,064 \$ \$ 119,064 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 453,265 \$ \$ 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,057,183	Total Noncurrent Assets		476,219		_		476,219	
Deferred Outflows from Pensions \$ 334,201 \$ - \$ 134,201 Deferred Outflows from OPEB 119,064 - 119,064 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 453,265 - 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 - \$ 2,057,183 Current Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ Total Current Liabilities: \$ - \$ \$ - \$ Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liabilities \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - \$ 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: \$ - \$ 477,576 - \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Total Net Position \$ - \$ 477,576 - \$ 80,25	Total Assets	\$	1,603,918	\$		\$	1,603,918	
Deferred Outflows from OPEB	Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred Outflows from OPEB 119,064 - 119,064 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 453,265 - 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 \$ - \$ 2,057,183 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Total Current Liabilities: \$ -	Deferred Outflows from Pensions	\$	334,201	\$	_	\$	334,201	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows 453,265 - 453,265 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$2,057,183 \$ - \$2,057,183 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - <	Deferred Outflows from OPEB				_			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$ 2,057,183 \$ - \$ 2,057,183 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - <	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-			_			
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - Total Current Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Noncurrent Liabilities: S - \$ - \$ - -	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$		\$	-	\$		
Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Total Current Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Noncurrent Liabilities: \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability	Liabilities:							
Total Current Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ - Noncurrent Liabilities: S 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability	Current Liabilities:							
Total Current Liabilities \$ - \$ - \$ - Noncurrent Liabilities: S 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability - - - - Total Liabilities \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: S S - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
Net Pension Liability \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Net OPEB Liability - - - - Total Liabilities \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: S S - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Net OPEB Liability - - - Total Liabilities \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: S 26,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819		\$	1.159.114	\$	_	\$	1.159.114	
Total Liabilities \$ 1,159,114 \$ - \$ 1,159,114 Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819		4	-,,	*	_	*	-	
Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	·	\$	1,159,114	\$	_	\$	1,159,114	
Deferred Inflows from Pensions \$ 326,674 \$ - \$ 326,674 Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Inflows from OPEB 477,576 - 477,576 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819		\$	326 674	\$	_	\$	326 674	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 804,250 \$ - \$ 804,250 Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819		Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ		
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 \$ - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819		\$		\$		\$		
Invested in Capital Assets \$ 451,280 - \$ 451,280 Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	Total Deferred lillows of Resources	Ψ	804,230	Ψ		Ψ	004,230	
Restricted (357,461) - (357,461) Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	Net Position:							
Total Net Position 93,819 - 93,819	Invested in Capital Assets	\$	451,280	\$	-	\$	451,280	
	Restricted		(357,461)				(357,461)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position \$ 2,057,183 \$ - \$ 2,057,183	Total Net Position		93,819		_		93,819	
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$	2,057,183	\$	-	\$	2,057,183	

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Food				Total
		Service		Daycare]	Proprietary
		Fund		Fund		Funds
Operating Revenues:						
Lunchroom Sales	\$	67,939	\$	_	\$	67,939
Other Operating Revenues	Ψ	4,187	Ψ	_	4	4,187
Total Operating Revenues	\$	72,126	\$	-	\$	72,126
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and Benefits	\$	946,397	\$	_	\$	946,397
Contract Services		39,909		_		39,909
Materials and Supplies		1,146,213		_		1,146,213
Depreciation		60,473		_		60,473
Other Operating Expenses		69,446		_		69,446
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,262,438	\$	-	\$	2,262,438
Operating Gain / (Loss)	\$	(2,190,312)	\$		\$	(2,190,312)
	<u> </u>	()	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	())
Nonoperating Revenues:						
Federal Grants	\$	1,884,927	\$	_	\$	1,884,927
State Grants		139,051		_		139,051
Donated Commodities		119,372		-		119,372
Interest Income		97,179		-		97,179
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$	2,240,529	\$	-	\$	2,240,529
Other Financing Sources / (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Operating Transfers (Out)		(118,357)		-		(118,357)
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	\$	(118,357)	\$	-	\$	(118,357)
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(68,140)	\$		\$	(68,140)
Net Position, June 30, 2023	\$	(75,358)	\$	(238,054)	\$	(313,412)
Restatement		237,317		238,054		475,371
Net Position, June 30, 2023, As Restated	\$	161,959	\$	-	\$	161,959
Net Position, June 30, 2024	\$	93,819	\$		\$	93,819
, , , -		. ,	_		_	,

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund	Daycare Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from:			
Lunchroom sales	\$ 67,939	\$ -	\$ 67,939
Other operating revenues	4,187	-	4,187
Cash paid for:			
Employees (less on behalf of payments, pension and OPEB change)	(946,397)	-	(946,397)
Supplies (less commodities and capital purchases)	(1,168,598)	-	(1,168,598)
Net cash provided/(used) for operating activities	\$ (2,042,869)	\$ -	\$ (2,042,869)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Government grants	\$ 2,023,978	\$ -	2,023,978
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Transfers (to) other funds	(118,357)		(118,357)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$ 1,905,621	\$ -	\$ 1,905,621
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received on investments	\$ 97,179	\$ -	\$ 97,179
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 97,179	\$ -	\$ 97,179
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (40,069)	\$ -	\$ (40,069)
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	\$ 1,106,727	\$ -	\$ 1,106,727
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2024	\$ 1,066,658	\$ -	\$ 1,066,658
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities: Operating loss	\$ (2,190,312)	\$ -	\$ (2,190,312)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			, , ,
Net cash used for operating activities:			
Depreciation	\$ 60,473	\$ -	\$ 60,473
Donated commodities	119,372	-	119,372
Employee benefits paid by KDE	(293,699)	-	(293,699)
Net pension adjustment	153,829	-	153,829
Net OPEB adjustment	92,873	-	92,873
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Inventory	(8,419)	-	(8,419)
Accounts receivable	23,014		23,014
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (2,042,869)	\$ -	\$ (2,042,869)
Non-cash items:			
Employee benefits paid by KDE	\$ 293,699	\$ -	\$ 293,699
Donated commodities	\$ 119,372	\$ -	\$ 119,372

Note 1 – Nature of Activities:

A. Reporting Entity

The Greenup County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Greenup County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements. Copies of component unit reports may be obtained from the District's Finance Office at 45 Musketeer Drive, Greenup, Kentucky 41144.

Greenup County School District Finance Corporation - On September 27, 1993, the Greenup County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Greenup County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Greenup County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Description of Funds

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide Statements - Provide information about the primary government (the District). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government and business-type activities of the District. Governmental

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unassigned fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report.

- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - i. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - ii. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy and also participates in the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - iii. The Construction Fund includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- (D) Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law.

II. Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Propriety and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the school year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. A reservation of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2024. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements related to encumbrance accounting. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in the appropriate fund balance category (restricted, committed, or assigned) since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Technology and equipment	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years

Interfund Activity

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased with the exception of the Proprietary Funds, which records inventory at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, using the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Budgetary Process

The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital outlay fund and the food service fund. The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is that on-behalf payments made by the state for the District are not budgeted. See Note (14) for these amounts which were not known by the District at the time the budget was adopted.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business property located in the District.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance general fund operations were \$.846 on real estate and \$.494 on motor vehicles, per \$100 valuation.

Taxes are due on October 1 and become delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2024, were approximately 93.46% of the tax levy.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, all payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balances which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balances reserves have been established for accrued sick leave. Unreserved fund balances are composed of designated and undesignated portions. The undesignated portion of the unreserved fund balance represents that portion of fund balance that is available for budgeting in future periods. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- I. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form, such as inventory, or prepaid expense amounts, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.
- II. Restricted fund balances are restricted due to legal restrictions from creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments or by legally enforceable enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.
- III. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, which for the county is the five-member School Board. Said specific purposes and amounts are recorded in the official Board minutes of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- **IV.** Assigned fund balances are constrained by the intent to use funds for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the five-member School Board or by a body or official to which the School Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, the Board has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds.
- **V.** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other funds, any negative fund balances would be unassigned.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the propriety funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the foods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Restricted Resources

Restricted resources should be applied first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. If an expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unrestricted fund balances are all available, the fund balances should be reduced in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unrestricted.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred outflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for deferred pension contributions, deferred pension and OPEB payments, and advance refunding bond payments.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred inflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for deferred pension investment earnings, and deferred OPEB investment earnings.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, OPEB, pension expense, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions and OPEB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events:

All commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events have been evaluated by management and have been properly disclosed up through November 22, 2024, the date of this report.

Note 3 – Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents was \$8.5 million and the bank balances totaled \$8.2 million including school activity. Of the total bank balances, up to \$250,000 was secured by Federal Depository insurance and the remaining amount was covered by a collateral agreement and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risks are as follows:

Category 1 - Deposits, which are insured or collateralized with securities, held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Category 2 - Deposits, which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

Category 3 - Deposits, which are not collateralized or insured.

Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents (Cont.):

Based on these three levels of risk, the District's uninsured cash deposits are classified as Category 2.

General Fund cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024, consisted of an interest bearing checking account.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund, Education Building Fund, Special Revenue (Grant) Funds, Bond and Interest Redemption Fund, School Food Service Funds, and School Activity Funds.

Note 5 – Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental		Balance						Balance	
Activities	June 30, 2023		Additions		I	Disposals		June 30, 2024	
Land	\$	136,284	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,284	
Construction in Progress		-		5,815,739		-		5,815,739	
Buildings and Improvements		47,297,106		-		-		47,297,106	
Infrastructure		476,269		10,812		-		487,081	
Technology and Equipment		4,573,978		-		-		4,573,978	
Machinery and Equipment		1,322,979		38,842		-		1,361,821	
Vehicles		4,521,955		410,708		(113,573)		4,819,090	
Total	\$	58,328,571	\$	6,276,101	\$	(113,573)	\$	64,491,099	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	(26,266,068)	\$	(1,134,322)	\$	-	\$	(27,400,390)	
Infrastructure		(347,982)		(21,776)		-		(369,758)	
Technology and Equipment		(4,557,095)		(6,435)		-		(4,563,530)	
Machinery and Equipment		(662,370)		(56,189)		-		(718,559)	
Vehicles		(3,608,430)		(213,049)		113,573		(3,707,906)	
Total	\$	(35,441,945)	\$	(1,431,771)	\$	113,573	\$	(36,760,143)	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets - Net	\$	22,886,626	\$	4,844,330	\$	-	\$	27,730,956	

Note 5 – Capital Assets (Cont.):

Business-Type Activities				
Food Service Equipment	\$ 1,524,408	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,524,408
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,012,655)	(60,473)	 -	 (1,073,128)
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 511,753	\$ (60,473)	\$ -	\$ 451,280

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 705,028
Student support	107,100
District administration	54,602
School administration	92,668
Business support services	25,693
Plant operation and maintenance	345,583
Student transportation	 101,097
Total	\$ 1,431,771

Note 6 – Debt Obligations:

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Greenup County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission aggregating \$17.1 million.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	 Proceeds	Rates
2013E	\$ 1,380,000	1.85%
2013	785,000	1.85% to 4.25%
2016-REF	4,745,000	0.85% to 2.30%
2020	1,570,000	2.00% to 2.50%
2020-REF	1,065,000	2.00% to 2.50%
2022	1,045,000	2.00% to 3.125%
2024	 6,530,000	2.00% to 3.125%
Total	\$ 17,120,000	

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Greenup County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

Note 6 – Debt Obligations (Cont.):

The changes in the general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2023	New Issues	Retirement	June 30, 2024
General obligation bonds -				
\$12,915,000 originally issued				
with interest rates ranging from				
0.85% to 4.25%	\$ 7,725,000	\$ 6,530,000	\$ 1,435,000	\$ 12,820,000
KISTA Loans	657,319	-	152,522	504,797
Accumulated Sick Leave	1,452,157		568,194	883,963
Total	\$ 9,834,476	\$ 6,530,000	\$ 2,155,716	\$ 14,208,760

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Greenup	Cou	nty	Kentucky School Facilities				
Year	 School	Distr	ict	Construction	Comn	nission		
	 Principal		Interest	 Principal	Interest		Total Principal	
25	\$ 970,487	\$	378,046	\$ 229,513	\$	55,340	\$	1,200,000
26	1,006,300		351,145	233,700		50,454		1,240,000
27	1,039,306		323,018	240,694		45,259		1,280,000
28	521,814		289,981	163,186		39,402		685,000
29	384,032		274,175	165,968		35,873		550,000
2030-2034	1,950,687		1,164,217	634,313		127,660		2,585,000
2035-2039	2,193,113		780,606	416,887		61,489		2,610,000
2040-2044	 2,490,859		288,062	 179,141		9,500		2,670,000
	\$ 10,556,598	\$	3,849,250	\$ 2,263,402	\$	424,977	\$	12,820,000

Future minimum debt service on notes payable to KISTA, at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year	Principal]	Interest	 Total
25	\$	135,432	\$	13,484	\$ 148,916
26		121,964		9,834	131,798
27		100,195		6,513	106,708
28		82,309		3,787	86,096
29		44,927		1,552	46,479
2030-2034		19,970		399	 20,369
	\$	504,797	\$	35,569	\$ 540,366

Note 7 – Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits:

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Note 8 – Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Туре	From	То	Purpose	 Amount
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 118,357
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology	46,977
Operating	Building	General	Lunch Accounts	511,316
Debt Service	Building	Debt Service	Bond Payments	1,229,503
Debt Service	Special Revenue	Construction	Bond Payments	2,434,445
Operating	Capital Projects	General	KISTA Bus Payment	232,700

Note 9 – Retirement Plans:

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description: Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement Systems ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty position of each count and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. The report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort Kentucky, 40601, or by calling 502-654-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov

Benefits provided: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2024, employers were required to contribute 23.34% (23.34% pension, 0.00% insurance) of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$2,547,171 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description: Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements—KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided: For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

For Members On or After July 1, 2008, and Before Jan. 1, 2022: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 60 and complete five years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members On or After Jan. 1, 2022: To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 57 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Attain age 65 and complete five years of Kentucky service.

Foundational Benefit - The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions: Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). For members who began participating before Jan. 1, 2022, non- university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the system; university members are required to contribute 10.4% of their salaries. KRS 161.565 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its members by 2.215%; therefore, university members contribute 8.185% of their salary to TRS. For members employed by local school districts, the state (as a non-employer contributing entity) contributes 13.105% of salary for those who joined before July 1, 2008, and 14.105% for those who joined on or after July 1, 2008, and before Jan. 1, 2022. Other participating employers are required to contribute the percentage contributed by members plus an additional 3.25% of members' gross salaries.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

For members who began participating on or after Jan. 1, 2022, non-university members contribute 14.75% and university members contribute 9.775% of their salaries to the system. Employers of non-university members, including the state (as a non- employer contributing entity), contribute 10.75% of salary. University employers contribute 9.775% of member's salary to the system.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	KTRS		CERS	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	9,395,965
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		62,347,756		
	\$	62,347,756	\$	9,395,965

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.155065 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$634 thousand related to CERS and \$3.7 million related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$3.7 million for KTRS pension support provided by the Commonwealth.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	of	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,501,377	\$	25,530	
Changes of assumptions		-		861,110	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		1,143,148	
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		97,157		618,283	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement		1,110,552			
date					
Total	\$	2,709,086	\$	2,648,071	

The \$1.1 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:				
2025		\$	(534,383)	
2026			(633,942)	
2027			209,747	
2028			(90,959)	
2029			-	
	Total	\$(1,049,537)	

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.30 - 10.30%	3.0%-7.50%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.50%	7.10%

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

The CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023 and include a change in the investment return assumption from 6.25% to 6.50%. The KRS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on June 5, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022." The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, is determined using these updated assumptions.

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session and reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, with the lump-sum options expanded to include 48 or 60 times the member's monthly retirement allowance. Since this optional form of payment results in a reduced, actuarial equivalent, monthly retirement allowance for members who elect a partial lump-sum option, this provision does not have a fiscal impact to the total pension liability.

House Bill 506 also adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month under all circumstances. This is a minimal change for members in the hazardous plans, as the minimum separation period was already one month for members who became reemployed on a full-time basis in a hazardous position. The requirement was previously three months only for members who became reemployed on a part-time basis or in any nonhazardous position. The actuary believes this provision of House Bill 506 will have an insignificant impact on the retirement pattern of hazardous members and therefore have reflected no fiscal impact to the total pension liability of the hazardous plan.

Similarly, this is a relatively small change for future retirees in the nonhazardous plans. But as the minimum separation period was previously three months in almost every circumstance, the actuary assumed that there would be a one percent (1%) increase in the rate of retirement for each of the first two years a nonhazardous member becomes retirement eligible under the age of 65 in order to reflect a shift in the retirement pattern. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, for the nonhazardous plans in determined using these updated benefits provisions.

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous System, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity - Public	50.00%	4.45%
Equity - Private	10.00%	10.15%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash Equivalent	0.00%	-0.91%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
	100.00%	4.28%

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap US Equity	37.4%	4.20%
Small Cap US Equity	2.6%	4.70%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.40%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.10%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.20%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.90%
Cash	2.0%	-0.30%
	100%	

Discount rate- For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Discount rate-For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement date was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made in full at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

<u>CERS</u>	 6.25%	 5.25%	 7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 11,520,012	\$ 14,398,585	\$ 9,139,192
<u>KTRS</u>	 7.00%	 8.00%	 9.00%
District's proportionate share of			
net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plans:

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information/#CAFR.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$4.7 million for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.193523% percent.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	\$ 4,708,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	 3,968,000
Total	\$ 8,676,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$454 thousand and revenue of \$454 thousand for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,596,000
Changes of assumptions		1,070,000		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on investments		88,000		
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,718,000		2,034,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date				
Total	\$	2,876,000	\$	3,630,000

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$0 thousand is resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:					
2025	\$	(278,000)			
2026		(237,000)			
2027		95,000			
2028		36,000			
2029		(167,000)			
Thereafter		(203,000)			
Total	\$	(754,000)			

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00%-7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
All ages	6.75 for FY 2023 decrease to an ultimate rate of 4.40 by FY 2032
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.00%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	8.00%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	9.00%
Real Estate	6.5%	6.50%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.50%
Cash	1.0%	1.00%
	100%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- 1) Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- 2) The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- 3) As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

- 4) Cash flows occur mid-year.
- 5) Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - a. Employee contributions
 - b. School District/University Contributions
 - c. State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years, the following was assumed:

- 1) Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- 2) For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	 6.10%	 7.10%	 8.10%
District's proportionate share of			
net OPEB liability	\$ 3,389,000	\$ 4,708,000	\$ 6,350,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Current		1%	
	Decrease		Γrend Rate	Increase
District's proportionate share of				
net OPEB liability	\$ 3,594,000	\$	4,708,000	\$ 6,055,000

KTRS Life Insurance Plan

Plan description: Life Insurance Plan- TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided- TRS provide s a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions- In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 98,000
Total	\$ 98,000

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June_30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.341987%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7 thousand and revenue of \$7 thousand for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation 3.00%-7.50%, including inflation Projected salary increases Inflation rate 2.50% Real Wage Growth 0.25% Wage Inflation 2.75% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66% Discount Rate 7.10% Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	5.20%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.90%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	4.00%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.60%
	100%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- 1) Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- 2) The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- 3) As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- 4) Active employees do not contribute to the plan.
- 5) Cash flows occur midyear.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	 6.50%	 7.50%	8.50%		
District's proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability	\$ 78,000	\$ 98,000	\$	190,000	

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees Retirement Systems OPEB Plan

Plan description: The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") Insurance Fund was established to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The CERS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' (KRS) board of trustees.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided - CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance coverage based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium.

Percentage of contribution ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non-hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Contributions: CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the year ending June 30, 2023, CERS allocated 4.70% of the 19.18% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1.00% of the contributions by employees hired after September 1, 2008 are allocated to the health insurance plan. During the year ending June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$161 thousand to the CERS Insurance Fund. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Implicit Subsidy: The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Insurance Fund

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability (asset) as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30 2023, the District's proportion was 0.155025%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability is as follows:

	\$ (202,160)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability associated with the District	 -
District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (202,160)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$206 thousand, including an implicit subsidy of \$45 thousand. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	140,936	\$	2,870,470
Changes of assumptions		397,837		277,252
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		378,335		425,252
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		48,402		298,370
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		674,333		-
Total	\$	1,639,843	\$	3,871,344

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Year ending June 30:									
2025	\$	(741,003)							
2026		(884,986)							
2027		(677,515)							
2028		(602,330)							
2029		-							
Thereafter		_							
Total	\$ ((2,905,834)							

Of the total amount reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, \$674 thousand resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Experience Study	July 1, 2023 - June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Inflation Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 8.50% at January 1, 2025 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	·
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on a mortality experience from 2013-2022, project with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and females rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed 25 years
Remaining Amortization Period	5-year smoothed market

20.00% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Asset Valuation Method

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Assumption Changes - The CERS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. The KRS Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on June 5, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experiences Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022". Additionally, the single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within each plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided below. The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023, is determined using these updated assumptions.

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024 and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month for all circumstances.

This is a minimal change for members in the hazardous plans, as the minimum separation period was already one month for members who became reemployed on a full-time basis in a hazardous position. The requirement was previously three months only for members who became reemployed on a part-time basis in any nonhazardous position. The actuary believes this provision of House Bill 506 will have an insignificant impact on the retirement pattern of hazardous members and therefore have reflected no fiscal impact to the total OPEB liability of the hazardous plan.

Similarly, this is a relatively small change for future retirees in the nonhazardous plan. But as the minimum separation period was previously three months in almost every circumstance, the actuary assumed that there would be a one percent (1%) increase in the rate of retirement for each of the first two years a nonhazardous member becomes retirement eligible under the age of 65, in order to reflect a shift in the retirement pattern. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, for the nonhazardous plan is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialized Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
	100%	

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 5.93%. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plan's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	4.93%	 5.93%	6.93%		
District's proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 379,377	\$ (202,160)	\$	(689,126)	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%		Current	1%		
	I	Decrease	T	rend Rate	Increase		
District's proportionate share of							
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(647,958)	\$	(202,160)	\$	345,461	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Note 11 – Contingencies:

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantors review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors' may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of

Note 11 – Contingencies (Cont.):

the District's grant program is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to certain legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Administrative officials believe that these actions are without merit or that the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from them will not materially affect the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 – Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, the District carries their insurance with Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance (KEMI), which is located in Lexington Kentucky. KEMI is a mutual insurance company regulated by the Kentucky Department of Insurance. The District pays annual premiums for their coverage. The premium for workers' compensation is based on a formula. The District is assigned a classification code for their industry and each classification code has a corresponding rate. Multiplying the rate times the estimated payroll for operations then dividing by 100 will give the base premium, in some cases, modifiers may also be added, based on eligibility, which may increase or decrease the premium. In other cases, additional coverage may be requested that increase the premium.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 - COBRA:

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

Note 14 – On-Behalf Payments:

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed payments on behalf of the Greenup County School District as follows:

Plan/Description	 Amount
KTRS - Pension	\$ 3,750,292
KTRS - OPEB	318,463
Health and Life Insurance	3,606,787
Administrative Fee	42,816
HRA/Dental/Vision	250,863
Federal Reimbursement	(333,026)
Technology	81,589
Debt Service	 325,158
Total On-Behalf	\$ 8,042,942

These amounts are included the Government-wide Statement of Activities as State Revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

Note 15 – Fund Balance:

The detailed components of the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	eral Current pense Fund	pecial enue Fund	Capita	l Outlay Fund	C	onstruction Fund	Buil	ding Fund	School ivity Funds	District ivity Fund	Gove	Total rnmental Funds
Restricted:												
Accrued Sick Leave	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	250,000
Other	-	(1,452)		-				-	-	28,621		27,169
Future Construction	-	-		-		3,285,742		-	-	-		3,285,742
SFCC Escrow - Current	-	-		10,875		-		19,985	-	-		30,860
Committed:												
Activity Funds	-	-		-		-		-	232,132	-		232,132
Unassigned	 4,361,204	 							 	 		4,361,204
Total Fund Balance	\$ 4,611,204	\$ (1,452)	\$	10,875	\$	3,285,742	\$	19,985	\$ 232,132	\$ 28,621	\$	8,187,107

A deficit unassigned fund balance of \$1 thousand exists in the Special Revenue Fund. The deficit results from the encumbrances of funds without accruing intergovernmental revenues for reimbursement of expenditures. The District accrues intergovernmental revenues only when all eligibility requirements have been met, including the requirement that allowable costs must have been actually incurred.

Note 16 – Encumbrances:

The District had \$57 thousand in encumbrances as of June 30, 2024. These are reported in the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund, as Assigned to Site Based Carryforward.

Note 17 – Prior Period Adjustment:

Certain errors have resulted in the restatement of the beginning fund balances in the Food Service and Daycare Funds, which impacted both the fund-level financial statements and the district-wide financial statements.

	Foo	od Service Fund	 Daycare Fund			
Net Position, June 30, 20223	\$	(75,358)	\$ (238,054)			
Restatement		237,317	238,054			
Net Position, June 30, 2023, As Restated	\$	161,959	\$ 			

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	(Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget	
Revenues:		Budger	200800			mar Buaget	
Taxes	\$	7,095,000	\$ 7,095,000	\$ 7,647,948	\$	552,948	
Interest Income		75,000	75,000	437,577		362,577	
State Sources		15,911,500	15,911,500	19,497,303		3,585,803	
Federal Sources		60,000	60,000	95,230		35,230	
Other Local Sources		50,000	50,000	399,232		349,232	
Total Revenues	\$	23,191,500	\$ 23,191,500	\$ 28,077,290	\$	4,885,790	
Expenditures:							
Instruction	\$	11,536,420	\$ 11,536,420	\$ 14,491,062	\$	(2,954,642)	
Support Services:							
Students		1,907,047	1,907,047	2,424,053		(517,006)	
Instructional Staff		1,767,300	1,767,300	2,026,344		(259,044)	
District Administration		1,601,741	1,601,741	1,488,931		112,810	
School Administration		2,136,555	2,136,555	2,526,930		(390,375)	
Business and Other Support Services		686,748	686,748	699,236		(12,488)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		4,134,264	4,134,264	3,485,493		648,771	
Student Transportation		2,349,072	2,349,072	2,353,046		(3,974)	
Debt Service		348,432	348,432	390,932		(42,500)	
Total Expenditures	\$	26,467,579	\$ 26,467,579	\$ 29,886,027	\$	(3,418,448)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets	\$	2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,325	\$	825	
Transfers In		120,000	120,000	862,373		742,373	
Transfers Out		75,000	75,000	(46,977)		(121,977)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	197,500	\$ 197,500	\$ 818,721	\$	621,221	
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$	(3,078,579)	\$ (3,078,579)	\$ (990,016)	\$	2,088,563	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	5,601,220	\$ 5,601,220	\$ 5,601,220	\$	-	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	2,522,641	\$ 2,522,641	\$ 4,611,204	\$	2,088,563	

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget
Revenues:		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
State Sources	\$	1,023,015	\$	1,023,015	\$	1,088,781	\$	65,766
Federal Sources		2,043,479		2,043,479		6,635,729		4,592,250
Other Local Sources		109,000		109,000		49,557		(59,443)
Total Revenues	\$	3,175,494	\$	3,175,494	\$	7,774,067	\$	4,598,573
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	2,866,013	\$	2,866,013	\$	3,967,230	\$	(1,101,217)
Support Services								
Students		45,785		45,785		496,430		(450,645)
Instructional Staff		46,235		46,235		50,313		(4,078)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		109,725		109,725		122,099		(12,374)
Student Transportation		-		-		399,708		(399,708)
Community Services		329,896		239,896		350,819		(110,923)
Total Expenditures	\$	3,397,654	\$	3,307,654	\$	5,386,599	\$	(2,078,945)
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues								
(Under) Over Expenditures	\$	(222,160)	\$	(132,160)	\$	2,387,468	\$	6,677,518
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	46,977	\$	28,023
Transfers Out	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(2,434,445)	Ψ	2,434,445
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	(2,387,468)	\$	2,462,468
-								
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$	(147,160)	\$	(57,160)	\$	-	\$	(204,320)
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	(1,452)	\$	(1,452)	\$	(1,452)	\$	(4,356)
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	(148,612)	\$	(58,612)	\$	(1,452)	\$	(208,676)

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)		2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)		Reported Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 2019 (2019)	al Year t Date) 20 (20	ar e) 2019 (2018)	~ ~ ~	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	
<u>COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:</u> District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.146428%		0.159358%		0.155483%	0.158987%		0.155065%	0	0.1662222%	0	0.167995%	0.168460%	0.163970%	%	0.168008%	%80
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	S	9,395,965	€9	11,520,011	S	9,913,262 \$	12,192,714	S	10,905,791	\$ 10,	10,123,426	∞	9,833,264 \$	8,249,204	\$ 7,049,916	\$	5,451,000	000
District's covered-employee payroll	S	5,819,514	€9	4,525,405	S	4,506,926 \$	4,040,781	S	4,152,664	3,	3,974,196	. ↔	4,201,879 \$	4,159,246	\$ 4,068,338	8	3,870,696	969
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		161.4562%		254.5631%		219.9562%	301.7415%		262.6216%	25	254.7289%	6	234.0206%	198.3341%	173.2874%	%	140.8300%	%00
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.480%		52.420%		57.330%	58.300%		50.447%		53.540%		53.300%	55.500%	59.970%	%	98.99	%008.99
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%	0.0000%		0.0000%		%0000:0		0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	%	0.000	%000000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	S	•	€9	•	S	·	ı	∽	1	S	,	S		ı	· •9	8		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	so so	62,347,756 62,347,756	8	64,339,741	% %	48,645,195 \$ 48,645,195 \$	50,850,096	8	49,409,330	\$ 49, \$ 49,	49,803,330	\$ 10.	102,329,629 \$	\$ 109,925,662 \$ 109,925,662	\$ 84,773,477 \$ 84,773,477	8 8	74,703,628	628
District's covered-employee payroll	S	\$ 13,091,983	€9	14,056,327	S	13,746,979 \$	12,878,014	€9	12,243,075	\$ 11,	11,951,482	- 1	\$ 951,889,11	12,175,364	\$ 11,838,464		\$ 11,396,368	368
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	%00000	%000.0	%	0.00	%000.0
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.410%		56.410%		%009:59	58.270%		28.800%		59.300%		39.830%	35.220%	42.500%	%	45.59	45.590%

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2	2017	(1	2016		2015		2014
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	∻	\$ 1,358,285 \$		1,003,822	↔	1,145,860	> >	779,871	\$	801,464	↔	644,615	↔	608,432	€9	580,215	€	505,287	€9	493,514	↔	529,251
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8	1,358,285	∞	\$ 1,358,285 \$ 1,003,822	↔	1,145,860	~	779,871	~	801,464	↔	644,615	€9	608,432	↔	580,215	€9	505,287	€5	493,514	8	529,251
Contribution deficiency (excess)	∻	•	€	٠	8		9	•	€9	•	↔	•	€9	,	∽	,	€9		€9		%	
District's covered employee payroll	€9	5,819,514	\$	4,525,405	9	4,506,926	∞	4,040,781	↔	4,152,664	∽	3,974,196	€	4,201,879	& 4,	4,159,246	8	4,068,338	€9	3,870,696	∞	3,851,898
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		23.34%	<u></u> ,0	22.18%		25.42%		19.30%		19.30%		16.22%		14.48%		13.95%		12.42%		12.75%		13.74%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM Contractually required contribution	€	1	€9	,	€9	•	↔		↔	,	69	,	€9	1	€		€9		€9		€	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	89		-		÷		∻		∻		s		↔		€		∽		so.		€	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S	,	8	•	↔	,	\$,	\$	•	↔	,	9	,	5 ≏	,	\$		∻		⇔	
District's covered-employee payroll	€	13,091,983	€	\$ 13,091,983 \$ 14,056,327	8	\$ 13,746,979	\$	\$ 12,878,014	€	\$ 12,243,075	S	\$ 11,951,482	~	\$ 11,889,156	\$ 12,	\$ 12,175,364	\$ 11	\$ 11,838,464	≈	\$ 11,396,368	\$ 11	11,384,328
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	, o	0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		%000.0		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%

Note 1 – Changes in Assumptions:

CERS

For the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the 2022 experience study and the single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability was changed to 6.50%. A 1% increase in the rate of retirement for each of the first two years a nonhazardous member becomes retirement eligible under the age of 65 is assumed to reflect the shift in retirement pattern due to House Bill 506. Additionally, in conjunction with the review of the healthcare per capita claims cost, the assumed increase in the future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis. The trend assumption for the non-Medicare Plans was increased during the select period as a result of this review.

KTRS

There were no changes of assumptions in the current year.

Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions:

CERS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2018. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contribution rates reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percentage of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%, net of pension plan investments expense, including inflation Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-

2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality

improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in

accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

KTRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percentage of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 24.4 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions (Cont.):

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increase 3.50% to 7.30%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of pension plan investments expense, including inflation

Note 3 – Change of Benefits:

CERS

Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023.

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Options (PLSO) form of payment for members retiring on or after January 1, 2024. The bill introduced an expansion of the lump-sum payment options, allowing for payouts equal to 48 or 60 times the member's Basic, or Survivorship 100% monthly retirement allowance. The lifetime monthly retirement allowance is adjusted actuarially to account for the selected lump sum payment option. House Bill 506 additionally modified the minimum separation period required for a retiree to reemploy with a participating employer of the Systems administered by the KPPA while still receiving their retirement allowance. This adjustment standardized the separation period to one month for all scenarios within each plan for retirement dates effective January 1, 2024 and after.

KTRS

There were no changes in benefit terms in the current year.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

					Reporting Fiscal Year			
		2024	2023	2022	(Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	2020	2019	2018
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM. INSURANCE FUND:							(0.00-1)	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.146422%	0.159330%	0.154470%	0.158930%	0.155025%	0.166216%	0.167995%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(202,160) \$	3,144,399 \$	2,975,955	\$ 3,837,679 \$	2,607,451 \$	2,951,132 \$	3,377,274
District's covered-employee payroll	€	5,819,514 \$	4,525,405 \$	4,506,926	\$ 4,052,580 \$	4,152,664 \$	3,974,196 \$	4,201,879
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-3.474%	69.483%	66.031%	94.697%	62.790%	74.257%	80.375%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.230%	69.410%	62.910%	51.670%	60.440%	57.620%	52.400%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM. MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.193300%	0.273937%	0.199350%	0.192466%	0.193523%	0.365618%	0.364027%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	8	4,708,000 \$	6,801,000 \$	4,277,000	\$ 4,857,000 \$	5,664,000 \$	6,814,000 \$	7,144,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	se se	3,968,000 \$	2,234,000 \$	3,474,000	\$ 3,891,000 \$ \$ 8,748,000 \$	4,574,000 \$	5,872,000 \$	5,836,000
District's covered-employee payroll	↔		14,056,327	13,746,979	12,878,014	12,243,075	11,951,482	11,442,462
District's proportionate share of he net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		35.961%	48.384%	31.112%	37.715%	46.263%	57.014%	62.434%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		52.970%	47.750%	51.700%	39.050%	32.580%	25.500%	21.180%

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONCLUDED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)		Reporting (Measur 2 (2	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)	2 (2	2019 (2018)	20	2018 (2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER IS RETIREMENT SYSTEM— LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.347200%		0.357301%	0.3	0.353169%		0.338950%		0.341987%		0.357271%		0.355782%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1	\$	ı	€€	1	€9	ı	-	1	≶	1		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	000'86	\$	111,000	\$	46,000	€-	118,000	€-	106,000	€-	101,000 \$		78,000
Total	S	98,000	\$	111,000	\$	46,000	€	118,000	\$	106,000		101,000		78,000
District's covered-employee payroll	€9	13,091,983	\$	14,056,327	\$ 13,7	13,746,979	S	12,878,014	\$	12,243,075	S	11,951,482		11,889,156
District's proportionate share of he net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		76.910%		73.970%	~	89.200%		71.570%		73.400%		75.000%		%066.62

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INSURANCE FUND: Contractually required contribution	€9	,	-	153,411	€	260,500	€	192,903	€9	197,667	€9	209,043	⇔	197,450	€	196,732
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	89	1	8	153,411	8	260,500	8	192,903	⇔	197,667	∞	209,043	S	197,450	↔	196,732
Contribution deficiency (excess)														1		1
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,819,514	\$	4,525,405	\$	4,506,926	↔	4,052,580	↔	4,152,664	↔	3,974,196	↔	4,201,879	∽	4,159,246
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		3.39%		5.78%		4.76%		4.76%		5.26%		4.70%		4.73%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	€9	393,122	↔	421,690	€9	412,409	€	386,340	€	367,292	€	358,544	\$9	356,675	€9	343,275
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	↔	393,122	€	421,690	€	412,409	€	386,340	↔	367,292	\$	358,544	↔	356,675	∞	343,275
Contribution deficiency (excess)		1		ı				•						1		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,091,983	↔	14,056,327	↔	13,746,979	↔	12,878,014	↔	12,243,075	€9	11,951,482	↔	11,889,156	\$ 1	11,442,462
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	€9	1	€	ı	€		€		€		€	1	€	1	€	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8		€		€		~	1	S	1	€	1	8		8	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	8		8		↔		S		S		8		8	1	€	ı
District's covered-employee payroll	8	13,091,983	8	14,056,327	\$	13,746,979	↔	12,878,014	€	12,243,075	8	11,951,482	€>	11,889,156	%	11,442,462
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1 – Changes in Assumptions:

CERS Insurance Fund

For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability was changed to 5.70%.

For the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the 2022 experience study and the single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability was changed to 5.93%. A 1% increase in the rate of retirement for each of the first two years a nonhazardous member becomes retirement eligible under the age of 65 is assumed to reflect the shift in retirement pattern due to House Bill 506. Additionally, in conjunction with the review of the healthcare per capita claims cost, the assumed increase in the future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis. The trend assumption for the non-Medicare Plans was increased during the select period as a result of this review.

KTRS Insurance Fund

Medical Insurance Plan - There were no changes of assumptions in the current year.

Life Insurance Plan - There were no changes of assumptions in the current year.

Note 2 – Changes in Benefits:

CERS Insurance Fund

There were no changes in benefit terms.

KTRS Insurance Fund

Medical Insurance Plan - There were no changes in benefit terms in the current year.

Life Insurance Plan - There were no changes in benefit terms in the current year.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Assets:	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	School Activity Funds	District Activity Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ 10,875 \$ 10,875	\$ 19,985 \$ 19,985	\$ -	\$ 232,132 \$ 232,132	\$ 28,621 \$ 28,621	\$ 291,613 \$ 291,613
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -
Fund Balances:						
Restricted Committed Total Fund Balances	\$ 10,875 - 10,875	\$ 19,985 - 19,985	\$ - - -	\$ - 232,132 232,132	\$ 28,621	\$ 59,481 232,132 291,613
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,875	\$ 19,985	\$ -	\$ 232,132	\$ 28,621	\$ 291,613

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Capital Outlay Fund		Building Fund		Debt Service Fund		School Activity Funds		District Activity Funds		Total Jon-Major overnmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ.		Ф	1 115 106	Φ.		ф		Ф		Φ.	1 117 106
Taxes Intergovernmental - State	\$	232,700	\$	1,117,406 623,413	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,117,406 856,113
Other Local Revenues		232,700		023,413		_		782,231		6,093		788,324
Total Revenues	\$	232,700	\$	1,740,819	\$		\$	782,231	\$	6,093	\$	2,761,843
1 5 10 1 5 10 1 5 10 10 5	Ψ	202,700	Ψ	1,7 .0,012	Ψ.			, 02,201		0,075	Ψ	2,701,0.0
Expenditures:												
Instruction	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	686,272	\$	80,676	\$	766,948
Instructional Staff		-		-		-		25,966		-		25,966
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-		290		290
Student Transportation		-		-		-		4,047		-		4,047
Supplies		-		-		-		1,391		-		1,391
Debt Service		-		-		1,229,503		-		-		1,229,503
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,229,503	\$	717,676	\$	80,966	\$	2,028,145
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	232,700	\$	1,740,819	\$	(1,229,503)	\$	64,555	\$	(74,873)	\$	733,698
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Operating Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,229,503	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,229,503
Operating Transfers Out		(232,700)		(1,740,819)	_							(1,973,519)
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	\$	(232,700)	\$	(1,740,819)	\$	1,229,503	\$		\$		\$	(744,016)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$	64,555	\$	(74,873)	\$	(10,318)
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$	10,875	\$	19,985	\$	-	\$	167,577	\$	103,494	\$	301,931
Fund Balances, June 30, 2024	\$	10,875	\$	19,985	\$	-	\$	232,132	\$	28,621	\$	291,613

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

											D	Deposits Held In
	Ű	Cash Balance					Cas	Cash Balance			Custody	For Students
	Ju	June 30, 2023	R	Receipts	Disbu	rsements	Jun	June 30, 2024		Transfers	June	June 30, 2024
Greenup County High School	S	58,938	S	425,291	S	\$ 373,220	S	111,009	∽	'	S	111,009
McKell Middle School		10,587		58,328		48,570		20,345		(224)		20,121
Wurtland Middle School		12,093		32,798		32,550		12,341		1		12,341
Argilite Elementary		8,238		46,893		48,098		7,033		ı		7,033
Greysbranch Elementary		17,101		83,398		93,839		099'9		(61)		6,599
McKell Elementary		18,022		69,028		58,073		28,977		(41)		28,936
Wurtland Elementary		4,160		25,406		23,463		6,103				6,103
Misc.		38,438		41,089		39,863		39,664		326		39,990
Total		\$ 167,577	S	782,231	8	717,676	S	232,132	↔		S	232,132

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS - GREENUP COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Cash Balance	.	D' 1	Cash Balance	Transfers	T 1
General Account	June 30, 2023 \$ 766	Receipts \$ 10,437	Disbursements \$ 9,818	June 30, 2024 \$ 1,385	\$ (48)	Total \$ 1,337
Library	\$ 700	\$ 10,437	\$ 9,010	φ 1,565 -	\$ (46)	\$ 1,337 -
Student Council	_	2,625	2,298	327	_	327
CMPS Christmas Project	_	2,023	2,276	327		321
Beta	483	2,495	2,005	973	_	973
Drama	319	2,1,5	2,003	319	_	319
Academic Team	-	_	_	-	_	-
Textbook Fees	_			_		_
ROTC	15,625	18,267	8,525	25,367	_	25,367
English Department	-	449	110	339	-	339
Art	-	100	89	11	_	11
Prom Committee	9,907	2,760	3,565	9,102	-	9,102
Advance Placement Tests	975	_	68	907		907
Seniors	1,177	1,440	1,883	734		734
Graphics	372	7,363	6,045	1,690	147	1,837
Yearbook	651	2,010	804	1,857		1,857
After Prom	629	· -	3,990	(3,361)	3,940	579
Choir	481	-	-	481	-	481
Food Bank	589	-	-	589	-	589
Class of 74 Scholarship	-	1,000	1,000	-	-	-
Scholarship	8,030	4,254	2,000	10,284	-	10,284
Class of 1999 Scholarship	700	-	-	700	-	700
GC Employee's Scholarship	1,834	-	-	1,834	-	1,834
Social Studies Honor Society	2,444	2,242	3,017	1,669	-	1,669
Christian Athletes	239	-	-	239	-	239
Family Resource	235	6,270	500	6,005	(3,940)	2,065
KYA	-	7,764	6,633	1,131	-	1,131
Science Olympiad	23	-	-	23	-	23
Science Lab	200	-	-	200	-	200
Animal Science	840	-	-	840	-	840
General Athletics	15,972	222,716	217,981	20,707	(4,822)	15,885
BOE Athletics	(26,007)	66,942	25,879	15,056	(15,056)	-
Athletic Trainer	471	-	225	246	-	246
Bass Fishing Booster	31	100	-	131	-	131
Archery Boosters	1,219	12,810	10,607	3,422	-	3,422
Cross Country Booster	3,584	2,778	4,863	1,499	-	1,499
Track Booster	4,517	9,259	16,587	(2,811)	2,608	(203)
Volleyball Booster	-	18,085	17,162	923	7,395	8,318
Wrestling Boosters	1,865	16,034	6,322	11,577	-	11,577
Boys/Girls Soccer Booster	2,189	4,678	9,479	(2,612)	5,139	2,527
Girls Soccer Booster	7,145	2,413	11,374	(1,816)	4,509	2,693
Girls Golf Booster	-	-	128	(128)	128	-
Tennis Booster	833	-	163	670	-	670
Boys Golf Booster	500	-	100	400	-	400
Sweep	100	e 425.201	e 272.220	100	<u>-</u>	100
To	otal \$ 58,938	\$ 425,291	\$ 373,220	\$ 111,009	\$ -	\$ 111,009

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor	Federal Assistance	Pass-Through Grantor's	Expenditures
Program Title	<u>Listing Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Paid</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through State Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002	\$ 1,739,408
Summer Food Service for Children	10.559	7740023	17,933
Non-Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program - Donated Foods	10.555	057502	119,372
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,876,713
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7760005	54,479
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,931,192
HCD (CEL C			
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through State Department of Education	04.010	2100002	005 100
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.010	3100002	905,198
	84.048	3710002	79,008
Special Education Cluster:	94.027	2010002	500.500
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA, Part B	84.027	3810002	599,560
Special Education - Pre-School	84.173	3800002	933
Total Special Education Cluster			600,493
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers -550E	84.287	3400002	301,482
Striving Readers Literacy Grant	84.371C	3220002	135,378
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002	66,185
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002	4,074,323
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,162,067
U.S. Department of Defense:			
Direct Program:			
Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering	12.000	20	95,940
Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.000	20	95,940
Total C.S. Department of Beleine			75,710
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Kentucky School Board Association			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	110-4810	95,230
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			95,230
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 8,284,429
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			Ψ 0,207,729

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Greenup County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Greenup County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Food Distribution:

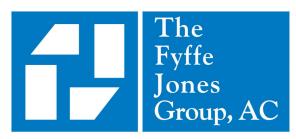
Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, commodities on hand are included on the total inventory of \$119,372.

Note 4 – Indirect Cost:

The Greenup County School District did not elect to use the 10% de minims indirect cost rate for its federal programs.

Note 5 – Subrecipients:

The Greenup County School District did not have subrecipients during the 2024 fiscal year.



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Greenup County School District Greenup, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenup County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Greenup County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Greenup County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Greenup County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported to management of the Greenup County School District in a separate letter dated November 22, 2024.

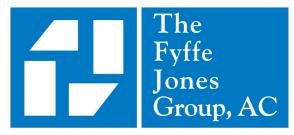
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

The Fyfte Jones Crosp, AL

Ashland, Kentucky November 22, 2024



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Greenup County School District Greenup, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Greenup County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Greenup County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Greenup County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Greenup County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Greenup County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Example School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Greenup County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Greenup County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Greenup County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Greenup County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Greenup County School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup
 County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant

deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

The Fyfte Jones Crosp, AL

Ashland, Kentucky November 22, 2024

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A. Summary of Audit Results:

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

to be material weakness(es)?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

to be material weakness(es)?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?

No

The District had the following major federal award programs with assistance listing numbers in parentheses for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Child Nutrition Cluster – 10.555/10.559

The dollar threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The Greenup County School District qualified as a low-risk auditee under Uniform Guidance.

B. <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with</u> Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards:

No matters were reported.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Federal Awards:

No matters were reported.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

No findings reported in the prior year.

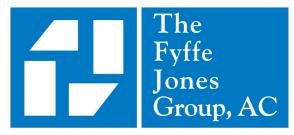
GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Name of Contact Person:

Traysea Moresea (606) 473-5710

Corrective Action Planned:

No corrective action plan is needed in the current year.



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

2155 Carter Avenue P.O. Box 2245 Ashland, KY 41105-2245 606-329-8604

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Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Greenup County School District Greenup, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Greenup County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

During our audit, we did not become aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. This letter does not affect our report dated November 22, 2024, on the financial statements of the District.

Our prior year management letter did not include any issues needing addressed, therefore, we did not find it necessary to review any comments or follow up on any resolutions from the previous year.

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

The Fyfte Jones Group, AL

Ashland, Kentucky November 22, 2024

GREENUP COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Current	Year	Management	Points
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None.

Status of Prior Year Management Points

There were no management points in the prior year.